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## THE KING'S DEATH SHOCKS THE WORLD

## HOW THE QUEEN HEARD THE NEWS

Sandringham, Feb. 6. The death of the King was discovered by a man servant who had been given orders to wake him early this morning, according to reports from Sandringham Estate employees here to-night.

The servant at once called Court officials and the news was then broken to Queen Elizabeth. The Queen went immediately to her husband's bed-chamber. Gathering her self-control as she looked down at him, she did not weep, according to the local reports.

She kissed the forehead of the dead King, then, straightening up, she is reported to have said: "We must tell Elizabeth. We must tell," she hesitated, then added "the Queen."

Watchers keeping vigil to-night outside the gates of Sandringham House, country home of the Royal Family, saw a lone light shine from a window in the north wing of the sprawling mansion, where the King lay dead.

## BLINDS DRAWN

It was the only sign of life in the house of mourning.

White blinds were drawn tightly over the other windows.

A solitary policeman kept guard outside the black wrought iron gates, keeping newsmen and cameramen from prying too far into the grounds.

Police guarded other entrances through the lichen-covered walls surrounding the 200-acre estate.

Inside the red brick house itself, Elizabeth, the Queen Mother, and her daughter, Margaret, sat in mourning.

The villagers here were dry-eyed to-night and kept their sadness pent inside. Most of the local inhabitants had known the King since he was a shy child who used to come here on holidays with his father.

Their first news that he was dead came from radio bulletins though they live on the fringes of the estate.—Reuter.

## Flight Home Started

Nairobi, Feb. 6. Queen Elizabeth II and the Prince Consort took off by plane for London from Entebbe in Uganda at 6.07 p.m. local time.

The Queen will be welcomed at London airport on arrival by her uncle, the Duke of Gloucester and Prime Minister Winston Churchill. It was officially announced here to-night.

Other officials on hand to greet the Queen will be the Lord President of the Council, Lord Woolton, Foreign Secretary, Mr. Anthony Eden, the Speaker of the House of Commons, Mr. W. S. Morrison, the Speaker of the House of Lords, the Marquis of Salisbury, the opposition leader, Mr. Clement Attlee.

A communiqué issued by No. 10 Downing Street to-night requested the public not to go to the airport so that the Queen will return home as quiet as possible.

—France-Prese.

## Windsor Sailing For London

New York, Feb. 6. The Duke of Windsor will sail on Thursday night for England to attend the funeral of the late Monarch. His secretary made the announcement.

It was not revealed whether the Duchess would accompany him.

The Duke's secretary issued this statement:

"The Duke of Windsor has spoken to the Private Secretary at Buckingham Palace by telephone and his Royal Highness is sailing for Great Britain on the Queen Mary on Thursday night to attend King George's funeral."

The King's sister-in-law, the Duchess of Kent, arrived tonight at Northolt airport from Munich where she was staying at the home of her sister.—Associated Press and France-Prese.

## COMMENT OF THE DAY

## Death Of A Great King

THE death of His Majesty King George VI is a grievous loss to the whole of the civilised world. Hongkong joins the rest of the British Commonwealth in mourning the passing of a great monarch: a man who dedicated his life to the welfare and interests of a nation and a family of nations; a man who, although called to a high estate of duty through unhappy circumstances, by his wisdom, knowledge, understanding and devotion, fulfilled that calling in a manner unsurpassed by any other King of England. King George VI was a family man; a person of simple tastes who appreciated fully the value of family life. Pomposity and ostentation were not of his making, and because of this and the close and constant manner in which he identified himself with the daily lives of his people he won the affection as well as the loyalty and admiration of his subjects at home and overseas. It fell to King George VI to rule England during some of the darkest and most dangerous years in her history. He never wavered from his high purpose, never faltered in his duty to the nation, always remained a monarch in close touch with his people. He willingly shared their sorrows and their tribulations and set an inspiring example of calm leadership. His Christmas broadcasts to the whole Commonwealth will never be forgotten; always did he emphasise the essential qualities of family unity and the brotherhood of man. Moreover he gave substance to those sentiments by living example. Hongkong, through His Excellency the Governor, has expressed its sorrow at the passing of a memorable and courageous King. At the same time thoughts turn to all the members of the Royal family in this time of grief. Today, according to

ancient custom, Princess Elizabeth has been proclaimed Queen of England, yet it is well to recollect that at this sombre moment the late King's heir and eldest daughter, together with her husband, Prince Philip, were carrying out royal duties overseas. Nothing could more vividly illustrate the devotion of the royal family to its high and exacting duties. It is this which underscores one of the greatest qualities of the British monarchy—that duty comes before self. It is a way of life which, if followed more widely, would bring more lasting happiness to the world generally. Today the people of Hongkong join the rest of the Commonwealth in paying humble tribute to a King whose name and life will be cherished by posterity. We have lost a beloved monarch. But thoughts also turn with sympathy and trust to Queen Elizabeth who now assumes the highest of royal responsibilities. She has already manifested that she is endowed with wisdom and understanding. At this sad moment she has at her side to sustain her in great ordeal those who are near and dear; she possesses also the devotion of millions of loyal subjects who desire above all to be able to relieve her of her sorrow and to lighten her anxieties. She comes to the throne at a time when international relations are taut and world peace anything but assured; her responsibilities, like those of the late King, are heavy. Nevertheless, Queen Elizabeth can feel sustained by the knowledge that she is offered the affectionate devotion of a vast concord of loyal subjects whose willing duty it is to ensure that the peace of the world is maintained and the British Commonwealth of Nations, of which the Queen is the head, is preserved.

## Women Sob In Grief Outside The Palace CONDOLENCES FROM ALL PARTS OF THE UNIVERSE

London, Feb. 6. The news of the death of His Majesty the King shocked and stunned not only the British nation and peoples throughout the British Commonwealth and Empire but also cast a pall of gloom over the Free World—for among his own people the King was deeply loved while throughout the world he was highly esteemed by many and respected by all both as a Sovereign and as a man.

As the sad news spread through London men doffed their hats, flags were lowered to half-mast and many women openly wept—because theirs was a memory of a King courageous and self-sacrificing in duty, of a King with a warm heart who had shared with them the perils, sufferings and sorrows of war and the austerities of daily life.

Near Buckingham Palace a woman knelt with bowed head to pray and passers-by paused to link themselves with this striking symbol of a common and universal sorrow.

The King was dead—but obviously not in the hearts of the people whom he had ruled and who loved him.

Policemen at the gate were continuously questioned: "Is it true?"—and they nodded their heads silently in reply.

Flags dipped to half-mast at all naval posts. Horse and greyhound racing were cancelled. Hotels abandoned music, cabaret and dancing and the Lord Chamberlain announced that cinemas under his control would be closed.

At street corners queues formed to buy copies of the evening papers. Supplies soon were sold out and people in the streets crowded round to read. Telephone exchanges were congested by incoming cables, many switchboards in the city and newspaper offices were closed down temporarily for outward calls.

Profound Grief

Profound grief also spread over a large part of the world today as news spread of the death of Britain's King. It expressed itself in shocked accents of sorrow and affection from the heads of State and common folks alike.

Throughout the world the routine of governments was interrupted, diplomatic and social activities cancelled.

Flags dropped at half-mast and the people of scores of nationalities went about their business with an air of deep sadness; some prayed publicly. Early messages of "deep sympathy" were sent to the Royal Family by President Truman, by M. Vincent Auriol, the French President, and by His Holiness Pope Pius XII.

Cables from the capitals gave the following pictures of mourning:

Cairo: Cairo Radio broadcast bulletins on the King's death in both English and French during the busy luncheon hour. A French announcement was interrupted to give the official announcement.

House Adjourns

Capetown: Dr Malan moved the adjournment of the House. He moved as an unopposed motion, that an address be presented to Queen Elizabeth expressing the "sincere and respectful sympathy" of the House on behalf of the people of South Africa.

Singapore: Sir Franklin Gimmon, the Governor, cabled to the Colonial Secretary, Mr Oliver Lyttelton, on behalf of the people of Singapore a request to "submit to Her Majesty the Queen and all members of the Royal Family our sincere and loyal expression of sympathy on the death of our beloved monarch, King George VI." For generations to come, his high ideals will be a source of inspiration not only to us in Singapore but to all his people throughout the Commonwealth and to their friends throughout the world.

Condolences, on behalf of their Highnesses the rulers and all the people of the Federation of Malaya, were sent to Mr. Lyttelton to convey to the Royal Family by Mr. M. V. de Tito, Officer Administering the Government of Malaya.

Hongkong: The Colony's Governor, Sir Alexander Gran-

tham, sent a message to Mr. Lyttelton expressing the "profound sorrow of the people of Hongkong."

## Deep Sorrow

Colombo: The Ceylonese Prime Minister, Mr. Don Stephen Senanayake, said, "The people of Ceylon heard the news with deep sorrow at a time when they were putting the finishing touches to their preparations to receive their Royal Highnesses the Princess Elizabeth and the Duke of Edinburgh."

Paris: The United Nations Security Council stood for a minute in silent honour.

Oslo: King Haakon paid a visit of condolence to the British Embassy. King Haakon was King George's uncle. Queen Maud, who died in 1938, was the third daughter of King Edward VII.

Copenhagen: The Danish Royal Court will go into mourning for three weeks. King Frederick has sent a personal message of condolence to Queen Elizabeth on behalf of himself and Queen Ingrid.

Rome: Pope Pius XII, "deeply moved," prepared a message of condolence to the new Queen and to Queen Mother Elizabeth.

The Italian Prime Minister, M. Alcide de Gasperi, said that it was a personal blow.—Reuter.

## Flags Lowered

London, Feb. 6. Flags throughout the world were lowered to half-mast today at the news of the death of King George VI.

In Paris: United Nations Secretary General Trygve Lie ordered the lowering of the flags of the world's organisations' 60 nations who yesterday concluded their sixth general assembly.

Mr. Lie sent a telegram to British Foreign Secretary Anthony Eden expressing his "profound sorrow" at the Monarch's death.

At General Dwight D. Eisenhower's Headquarters flags of the Atlantic Pact nations were lowered as soon as the news was received. The General cancelled a cocktail party which was scheduled for correspondents tonight.

In the West German capital of Bonn flags were lowered on all public buildings. News of the King's death interrupted a meeting at the Chancellery.

In Berlin the Russians said they would like to join in lowering flags out of respect to the dead King.

The Soviet Control Commission sent word to American, British, and French authorities that they were willing to do the "Red flag" which flies with those of the Western nations over the Redefuct Allied Control Authority Headquarters.

## Deeply Shocked

Queen Juliana of the Netherlands was "deeply shocked," her secretary at the Palace said.

Denmark: Broadcasting System interrupted a programme of light music to announce the (Cont'd. on back page, Col. 1)



## ELIZABETH PROCLAIMED THE NEW MONARCH

London, Feb. 6. The Grand Accession Privy Council, body of advisers to the Throne, tonight formally accepted Elizabeth as the new Monarch.

The Council met at St James' Palace to draft a Proclamation which will be read throughout the land.

The Proclamation bears well over 100 signatures, including that of the Prime Minister, Mr. Winston Churchill, members of his Cabinet and members of the Parliamentary Opposition, who are Privy Councillors.

All the Commonwealth High Commissioners were asked to attend and sign the Proclamation—though they are not members of the Privy Council.

**THE PROCLAMATION**

The Royal Proclamation announcing Elizabeth's accession to the Throne, confirmed by the Privy Council tonight, stated:

"Whereas it hath pleased Almighty God to call to His mercy our late Sovereign Lord King George VI of blessed and glorious memory by whose decease the Crown is solely and rightfully come to the high and mighty Princess Elizabeth."

Rome: Pope Pius XII prepared a message of condolence to the new Queen and to Queen Mother Elizabeth.

We, therefore, the Lords Spiritual and Temporal of this Realm, being here assisted with those of His late Majesty's Privy Council, with representatives of other members of the Commonwealth, with other principal gentlemen of quality, with the Lord Mayor, aldermen and citizens of London do now hereby with one voice and consent of tongue and heart publish and proclaim that the high and mighty Princess Elizabeth Alexandra Mary is now by the death of our late Sovereign of happy memory become Queen Elizabeth II, by the grace of God Queen of this Realm and of all her other Realms and territories, head of the Commonwealth, Defender of the Faith, to whom her liege do acknowledge all faith and constant obedience with hearty and humble affection, beseeching God by whom kings and queens do reign to bless the Royal Princess Elizabeth II, with long and happy years to reign over us. God Save The Queen.—Reuter.

**CANADA ALSO**

Ottawa, Feb. 6. The Canadian Cabinet today proclaimed Princess Elizabeth II of Canada.

Canada is the first Commonwealth nation to proclaim the Queen formally.

The Cabinet met in an emergency session at noon (local time). Three Proclamations followed the first announcing the death of the King.

For reservation, call your Travel Agent or Hong Kong Hotel, Phones 310329, 31830, Peninsula Hotel, Phones 57585, 57675, 57804.

Arrive rested and refreshed Sleep your way to Tokyo—in a big, comfortable Sleeperette aboard a Pan American Clipper!

Sleeperettes—designed and developed by Pan American—give you real, honest-to-goodness sleeping comfort. They recline way back, stretch out to full bed length. You arrive rested and refreshed after a good night's sleep. No extra charge for this extra luxury! Three flights weekly to Tokyo.

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## KING'S MAJESTIC

★ SHOWING TO-DAY ★  
AT 2.30, 5.15, 7.20 & 9.30 P.M.  
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NO THREE OTHER WORDS EVER MEANT SO MUCH TO SO MANY PEOPLE . . .

## "I WANT YOU"

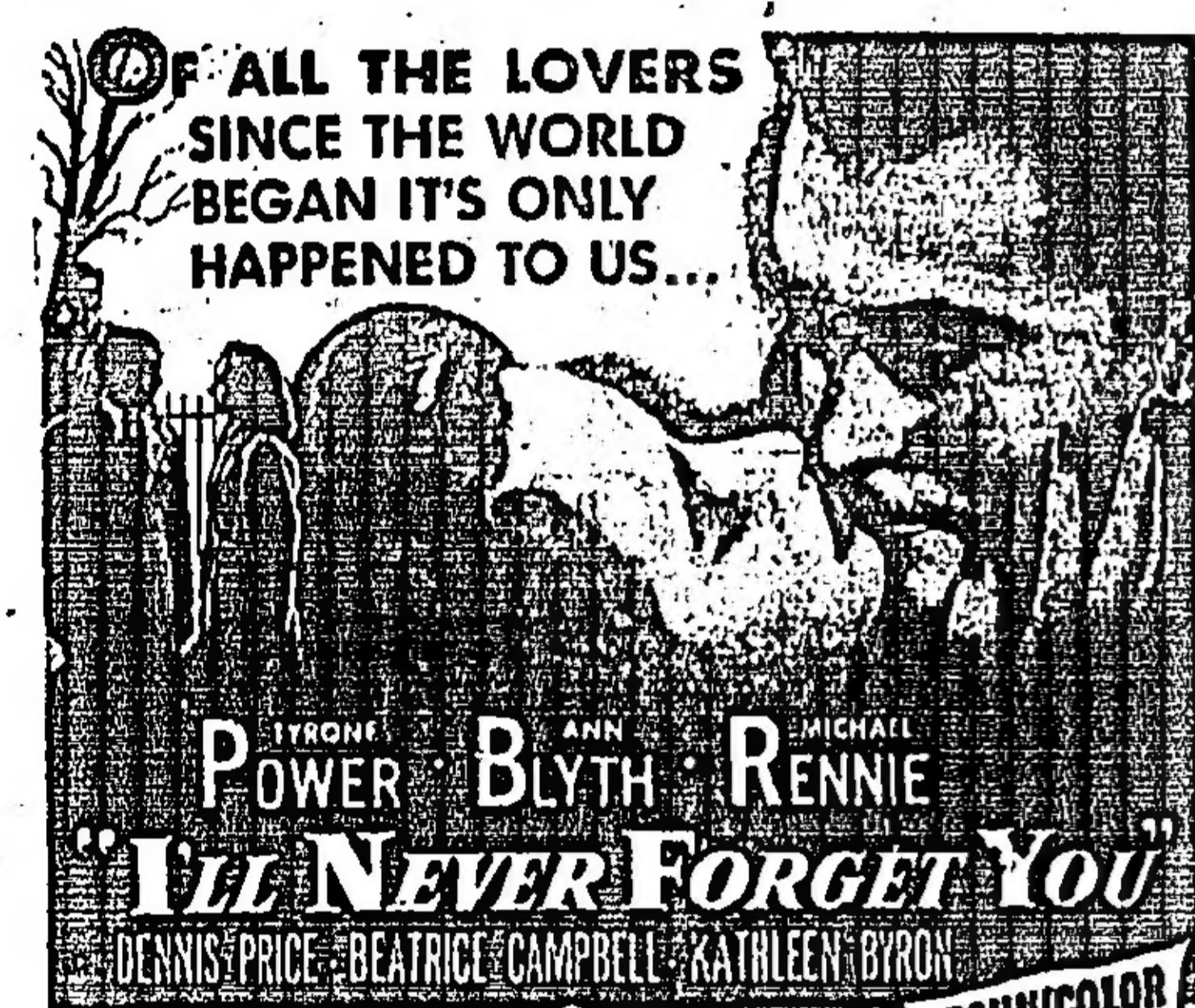


SAMUEL GOLDWYN'S PRODUCTION

Starring: Dana ANDREWS • Dorothy McGuire  
Farley GRANGER • Peggy DOW  
Released thru RKO Radio Pictures

## ROXY &amp; BROADWAY

SHOWING TO-DAY AT 2.30, 5.30, 7.30 &amp; 9.30 P.M.



TYRONE POWER BLYTHE RENNIE

"I'LL NEVER FORGET YOU"

DENNIS PRICE BEATRICE CAMPBELL KATHLEEN BYRNE

Produced by Sol Siegel Directed by Roy Baker Screenplay by Wald McDowell

Technicolor  
20

AT 2.30, 5.30, 7.30 and 9.30 P.M.

DIALOGUE IN MANDARIN



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## Acheson's Views On Germany

Washington, Feb. 6. The Secretary of State, Mr. Dean M. Acheson told his weekly press conference today that contractual agreements with the Western German Government will become effective only after the establishment of a European defence pool.

He also confirmed that the British Foreign Secretary, M. Anthony Eden, had invited him to London as well as the French Foreign Minister, M. Robert Schuman, to discuss German affairs prior to the holding of the Lisbon NATO conference.

He added that it had not yet been decided whether the German Chancellor, Dr. Konrad Adenauer, would be invited to attend the London conference.

Mr. Acheson stated that the three Western Ministers could not so far determine whether their talks would reach a stage which would permit useful conversations with Dr. Adenauer. He said that if the three Western Ministers had no particular agreement to conclude with Dr. Adenauer, there was no point in the latter coming to London.

Mr. Acheson hoped each of the Atlantic Allies would make known at the forthcoming NATO Council meeting at London what its contribution to the joint defence effort will be.

## DEPUTIES PREPARE

Such commitments would be definite for 1952 but subject to review and possible revision each succeeding year.

Mr. Acheson hoped Greece and Turkey would be able to take part in the Lisbon meeting starting Feb. 18, as full members instead of merely as observers. Several legal steps have yet to be taken, particularly by the United States, France, Belgium and Italy, before their membership becomes effective.

In London, the North Atlantic deputies, preparing for the Lisbon NATO Council meeting in 10 days' time, today heard reports from Council members on the prospects of agreement at Lisbon on the establishment of a European Army containing German troops.

They also worked on plans for reorganisation of the Atlantic Treaty Organisation. They are expected to meet again tomorrow and on Friday before moving to Lisbon. — France-Press, Associated Press and Reuter.

## Hundred Still At Large

Manila, Feb. 6. An Army spokesman said today that there might be about 100 Japanese armed forces personnel who are still in the Philippines and that the Government's policy is to seek their peaceful surrender.

The spokesman said, "Our policy is not to liquidate them and that is why we recently dropped surrender leaflets on Lubang Island where four of them were sighted."

Lubang Island is north of Mindoro Island where eight other Japanese stragglers were reported to have been seen yesterday. — United Press.

The witness' features were concealed by a small pillow-case to protect him from Communist "vengeance." He testified before the special House Committee on the massacre of an estimated 10,000 Polish officers at Katyn.

Told in Polish, the mystery man's story was relayed to the Committee by an interpreter. The witness said he was a 44-year-old Pole and was now a farmer in the United States. He told of escaping, with a priest and another prisoner, from a Russian prison camp and making his way to the Katyn Forest.

He said the priest suggested going to Katyn, where they heard prisoners were slaughtered, so that "if we survive, we can tell the world what is happening there."

The witness said the priest "wanted to see if it were true and wanted to get the facts."

He said they climbed a tree and saw four Russian soldiers leading two Polish officers to the edge of a pit.

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## Canberra Dilemma On Japan

CASEY EXPLAINS SITUATION

Canberra, Feb. 6. The External Affairs Minister, Mr. Richard G. Casey, told Parliament today that Australia faced a dilemma over Japan: it had to consider the alternative perils of a fully rearmed Japan and a Japan in Communist hands.

He was speaking in the second reading of the Government bill for the ratification of the Japanese peace treaty signed at San Francisco on September 9 last year.

But, he added, Australia was at the moment faced with a "much more pressing and immediate danger than Japan is likely to be for many years to come."

"Having in mind the progress that the Communists have made in Asia in the past few years, it does not require much imagination to consider the threat that they could be to South-East Asia, Australia and the other democracies bordering the Pacific, if they get the industrial resources of Japan," he said.

It was important to prevent Japan from falling under Communist domination and thereby becoming an active partner in the encyclopaedia to subjugate the whole of Asia as a preliminary to attacking Australia, Mr. Casey said.

The most important provision of the treaty was the recognition that Japan as a sovereign nation had the inherent right of individual or collective self-defence.

It said that Australia and New Zealand at San Francisco had called for specific limitations on Japanese naval rearmaments and long-range aircraft, "but we do not oppose some re-establishment of Japanese defence forces," — Reuter.

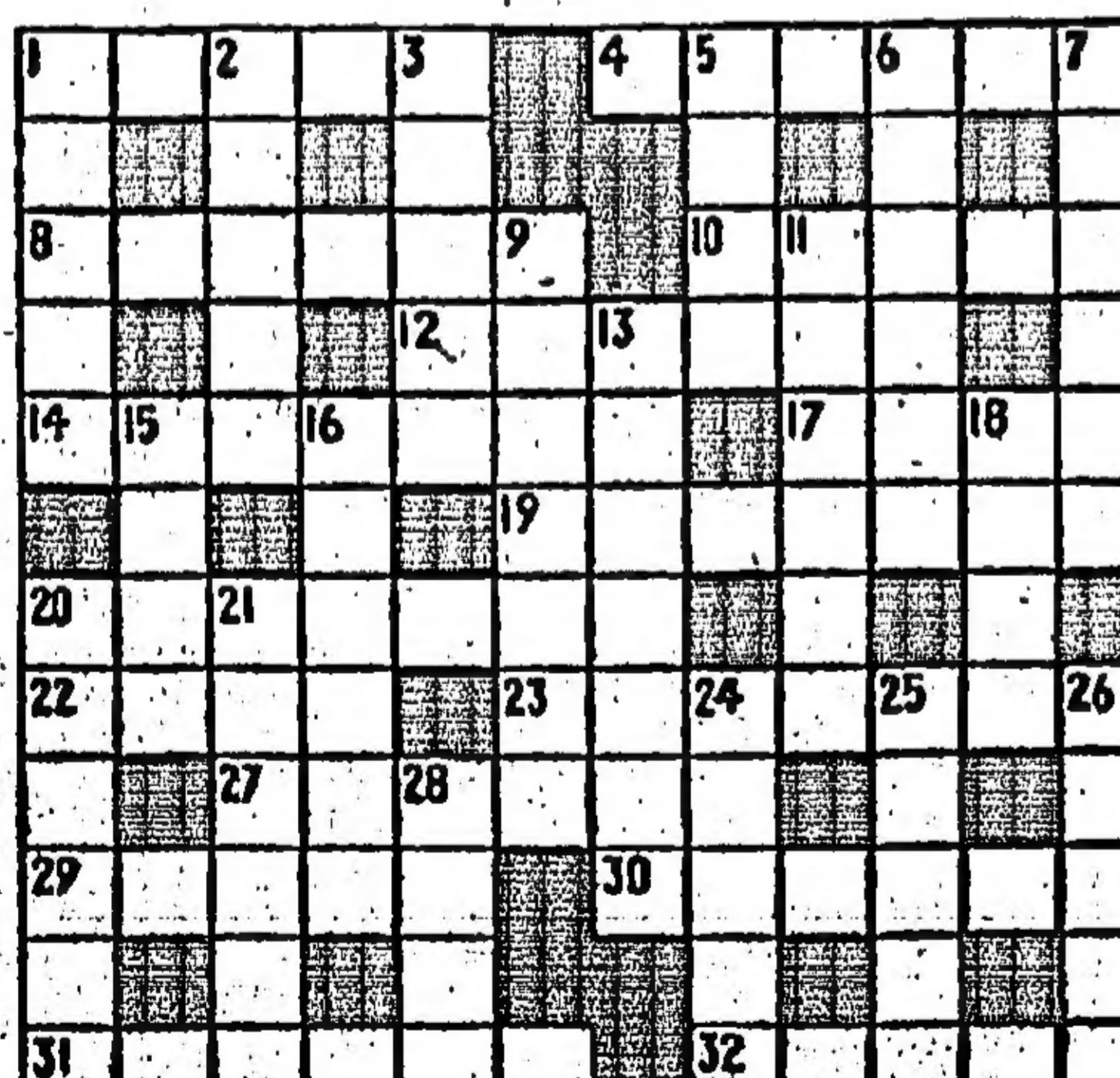
## Problem To Be Shelved

Canberra, Feb. 6. The External Affairs Minister, Mr. Richard G. Casey, said here today that the question of the control of Dutch New Guinea should be put into "cold storage" until more urgent problems in the area were considered.

He had made it clear to the Indonesians that this was the Australian Government's firm view, he added.

"It is difficult for us to understand the reasserted claim of Indonesia to sovereignty over Dutch New Guinea, particularly as it is clear that the Indonesian Government has a wide range of grave economic and security problems to solve in its present territory," Mr. Casey said. — Reuter.

## A British Crossword Puzzle



### ACROSS

- 1. Duties (5).
- 4. Used in cricket (6).
- 8. Kind of cement (6).
- 10. Famous composer (5).
- 12. Teuton (7).
- 14. Exhaust (7).
- 17. Mouthful of liquid (4).
- 19. Narrow neck of land (7).
- 20. Luck (7).
- 22. One (4).
- 23. Rate (7).
- 27. Doctrines (8).
- 29. Harden (6).
- 30. Bird (6).
- 31. Enrol (6).
- 32. Marsh plants (9).
- 33. Document, 11' Repaired (13).
- 34. Teatool, 18' Toreador (10).
- 35. Star, 21' Rebellious (20).
- 36. Corridor (7).
- 37. Suspends (7).
- 38. Show in (5).
- 39. John (6).
- 40. York's city (5).
- 41. Tidings (4).

YESTERDAY'S CROSSWORD.—Across: 3. Implicit; 6. Prey; 8. Document, 11' Repaired; 13. Teatool, 18' Toreador; 19. Star, 21' Rebellious; 20. Corridor; 20. Nest; 27. Suspends; 28. Show in; 29. Harden; 30. Bird; 31. Enrol; 32. Marsh plants; 33. Document, 11' Repaired; 34. Teatool, 18' Toreador; 35. Star; 36. Corridor; 37. Suspends; 38. Show in; 39. John; 40. York's city; 41. Tidings.

## NEW COMMUNIST PEACE PLAN EXPECTED TO BE REJECTED

### Conscription In U.S. Proposed

Washington, Feb. 6. The United States House of Representatives Armed Services Committee today approved a bill for compulsory military training for all American males to be followed by a period of seven and a half years in the reserve.

Under the bill, which now awaits approval by the full House of Representatives, men would be called up for six months' training soon after reaching 18 and would then go on to the reserve. — Reuter.

### POLLING RESULTS AWAITED

London, Feb. 6. Polling is taking place today in two by-elections at Southport and Bournemouth East, where the Conservative Members, Mr. R. S. Hudson and Mr. Brendon Bracken respectively, were raised to the Peerage.

The Southport result will be declared tonight. Three candidates will fight for the Southport seat and four for Bournemouth East.

The three candidates at Southport are Mr. R. F. Hesketh (Conservative), Mr. Alan Tillicott (Labour), and Mr. H. D. Bentliff (Liberal). Mr. Bentliff fought the seat unsuccessfully at the General Election in October.

The figures at the General Election were:

R. S. Hudson (Cons) 30,388.  
H. O. Ellis (Lab) 12,535.  
Bentliff (Liberal) 7,576.

The candidates at Bournemouth East are: Nigel Nicholson (Conservative), R. D. Rees (Labour), J. C. Holland (Liberal) and S. Kermode (Independent). Mr. Holland contested the division at the General Election.

The figures at the General Election were:

Brendon Bracken (Cons) 29,138.  
H. J. Barnes (Lab) 11,550.  
J. C. Holland (Liberal) 5,330. — Reuter.

### Unanimous Vote On Japanese Peace Pact

Washington, Feb. 6. The Senate Foreign Relations Committee voted unanimously today for ratification of the Japanese peace treaty and three related security pacts.

At the same time it acted to make clear that approval of the peace pact would not imply recognition of any Soviet claim against Japan arising from the Yalta conference in 1945.

The diplomatic agreements forming the foundation of the Administration's policy in the Pacific now go before the full Senate for final action.

In addition to the peace treaty, the State Department has negotiated a chain of security pacts with Australia and New Zealand, the Philippines, Britain and Japan.

Chairman Tom Connally (Democratic-Texas) told newsmen that the treaties were approved without reservations by the 13 members of the committee meeting behind closed doors.

He added that non-recognition of Russian claims was expressed in a statement written into the committee's proposed resolution of ratification.

Senator Connally said this statement would not require action by any of the other 48 nations that signed the treaty at San Francisco last September 8. Russia was not a signatory. — Associated Press.

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## CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

**SAILINGS TO**  
 "VIMY" Phnompenh 5 p.m. 7th Feb.  
 "SOOCHOW" Bangkok 5 p.m. 11th Feb.  
 "HUEH" Tienhsin 10 a.m. 13th Feb.  
 "POYANG" Keelung Noon 13th Feb.  
 "SINKIANG" Singapore, Penang & 5 p.m. 16th Feb.  
 Behawan Yokohama, Nagoya 5 p.m. 17th Feb.  
 "YOCHOW" Osaka & Kobe 10 a.m. 22nd Feb.  
 "POYANG" Djakarta & Sourabaya 10 a.m. 24th Feb.  
 "FUNGUN" Bangkok  
 Sails from Custodian Wharf

## ARRIVALS FROM

"SOOCHOW" Kobe 9th Feb.  
 "HUEH" Tientsin 11th Feb.  
 "FIKUEN" Singapore 11/12th Feb.  
 "POYANG" Keelung 14th Feb.  
 "SHAN" Osaka 14/15th Feb.  
 "PAKHOI" Singapore 15th Feb.  
 "FENGTIEN" Bangkok 17/18th Feb.  
 "YOCHOW" Bangkok 18th Feb.

## A.O. LINE LTD./C.N. CO., LTD., JOINT SERVICE

**SAILINGS TO**  
 "TAIYUAN" Kure, Yokohama 12th Feb.  
 Nagoya, Yokohama 10th Feb.  
 "CHANGTE" Kobe & Moji 20th Feb.  
 "CHANGSHA" Sydney & Melbourne 5th Mar.  
 Kure, Yokohama 11th Mar.  
 Nagoya, Kobe, Yokohama & Shimizu 11th Mar.  
 "TAIPING" Japan 11th Mar.  
 "TAIYUAN" Sydney 11th Mar.  
 ARRIVALS FROM  
 "TAIYUAN" Australia & Manila 7 a.m.  
 "CHANGSHA" Australia 8th Feb.  
 "CHANGTE" Kobe 16th Feb.  
 "TAIPING" Australia & Manila 1st Mar.  
 "TAIYUAN" Moji 8th Mar.

## BLUE FUNNEL LINE

Scheduled Sailings to Europe via Aden & Port Said  
 "ANTILOCUS" Genoa, London, Rotterdam & Glasgow 21st Feb.  
 via Manila Casablanca, Dublin & Liverpool 25th Feb.  
 "PELEUS" Marseilles, Liverpool & Glasgow 6th Mar.  
 "CLYTONEUS" Genoa, London, Rotterdam & Hamburg via Manila 22nd Mar.  
 "ANCHISER" Dublin & Liverpool 26th Mar.

## Scheduled Sailings from Europe

Sails Liverpool Sails Rotterdam  
 S. "ANTILOCUS" Sailed Arrives Hong Kong 16th Feb.  
 G. "PELEUS" do Sailed 17th Feb.  
 S. "AUTOLYCUS" do 22nd Feb.  
 G. "ANCHISER" do 1st Mar.  
 S. "CLYTONEUS" 5th Feb. 11th Mar.  
 G. "PATROCLES" 12th Feb. 17th Mar.  
 S. "ASTYANAX" 18th Feb. 24th Mar.  
 G. "AENEAS" 25th Feb. 1st Apr.  
 S. "ASCANIUS" 5th Mar. 10th Apr.

G. Louding Glasgow before Liverpool.  
 S. Louding Swansea before Liverpool.  
 Carriers' option to proceed via other ports to load & discharge cargo.

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 HK/Saigon/Singapore (DC-3) 10.00 a.m. Noon 2.15 p.m. Wed. Sat.  
 HK/Manila/B.N. Borneo (DC-3) 0.30 a.m. Tues. Fri. 3.45 p.m. Wed. Sat.

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 "BENAVON" U.K. via Manila on or abt. 20th Feb.  
 "BENVENUE" Japan 25th Feb.  
 "BENATTOW" U.K. via Singapore 18th Mar.  
 "BENLEDY" U.K. via Singapore 30th Mar.  
 "BENCRUACHAN" Japan 20th Apr.  
**SAILINGS** Landing on or abt.  
 "BENAVON" Kure, Yokohama & 24th Feb.  
 Kobe  
 Direct to Singapore, thence Liverpool, Glasgow, Dublin & Hull.  
 Avonmouth, London & Hamburg.  
 "BENVENUE" Kure, Yokohama & 25th Feb.  
 Kobe  
 Direct to Singapore, thence London & Hull.  
 "BENATTOW" Direct to Singapore, thence Liverpool, Dublin & Hamburg. 23rd Mar.  
 "BENLEDY" Kure, Yokohama & 4th Apr.  
 Kobe  
 Direct to Singapore, thence London & Hull. 20th Apr.  
 "BENCRUACHAN" Direct to Singapore, thence Liverpool, Dublin & Hamburg. 1st May  
 Via Singapore and Port Swettenham.  
 Calls Manila, Cebu, Tawau, Sandakan, Jesselton & Labuan.

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NOTICE

The "Zetland Lodge 525 EC.

The Ladies' Festival

arranged for Friday,

February, 8, is postponed.

MANDRAKE THE MAGICIAN

NO, IT'S NOT FUNNY.

THAT'S WHY SHE'S

ACTED SO STRANGELY.

LENORE--YOU'VE GOT

TO LET ME TELL HER!

I SUPPOSE

YOU MUST--

LET ME EXPLAIN!

EXPLAIN--WHAT YOU SAID

ARE YOU COMING, LOTHAR?

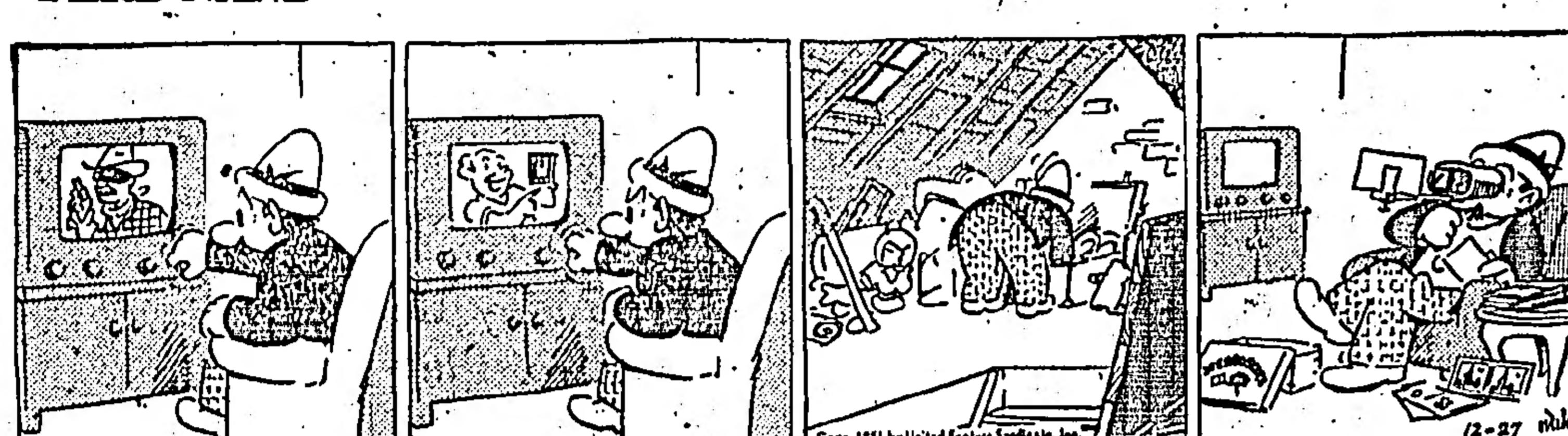
GOSH, WHAT ME

SUPPOSED TO DO?

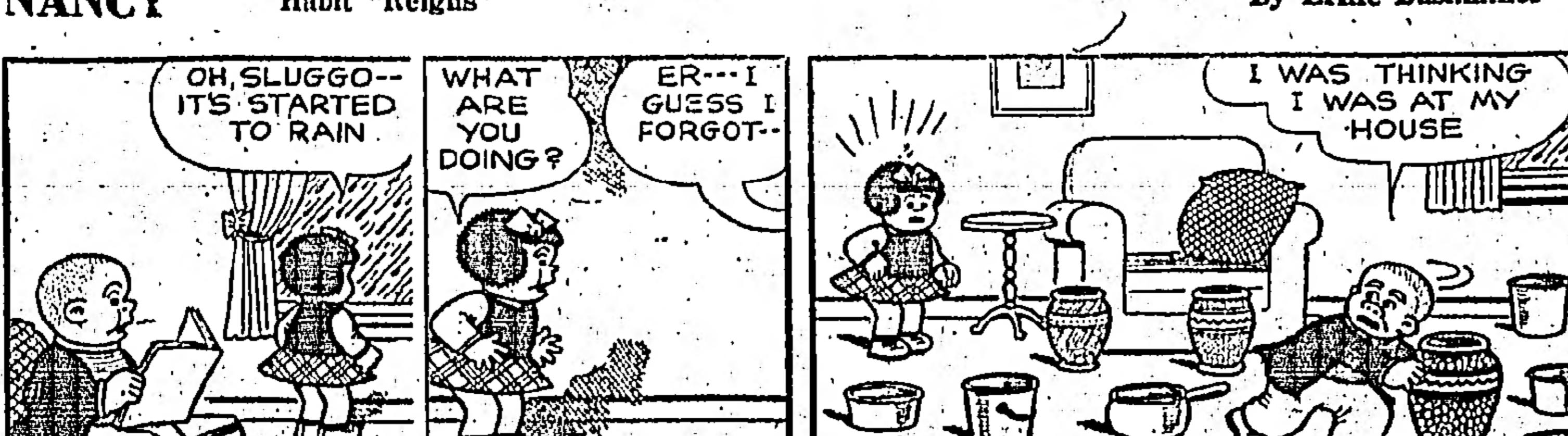
NEXT WEEK--THE SECRET OF LENORE.

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis

FERD'NAND He likes It Still By Mik



NANCY Habit "Reigns"



JOHNNY HAZARD



## Mr Billmeir Nets Himself A Million In Shipping Deal

London, Feb. 6. A shipping deal brings in £1,422,000 tax-free for 50-year-old Mr Jack Albert Billmeir. It is part of a £2,320,000 cash share out to be made to shareholders in his Stanhope Steamship Company.

The money comes from selling 11 of the company's black-and-red "Stan" boats with a £116,000 on her 80,000 shares. For each share in the company, shareholders are also to get one share worth £1 in a new Stanhope Steamship Company. This will take over the remaining seven "Stan" boats.

## HIS FORTUNE

So in the end Mr Billmeir's shipping fortune in cash and shares adds up to £2,402,000. He started in shipping as an 18-a-week office boy in a London ship-broker's office two months before his 14th birthday. His ambition — to be a shipowner.

The Spanish Civil War in 1937 made him. He bought 23 old ships and ran the Franco blockade with them with supplies for the Spanish Republican Army.

His ships made Page One news, with such dauntless skippers as Captain "Potato" Jones.

His hobby is sailing in his 193-ton motor yacht Aronia. He is the Commodore of the Royal Southampton Yacht Club. His home is at Elstree, Surrey. It is a modest establishment for a millionaire.

## PI-JAPANESE NEGOTIATIONS

London, Feb. 6. Foreign Office sources said that there would be no meeting today of Philippines and Japanese reparations negotiators but that their third session might take place tomorrow or Friday.

The two negotiating teams have met twice thus far—last Monday and the Monday before last—United Press.

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Outwards Leaves London Arrives Hong Kong

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"CHUSAN" 22nd January 10th March

"COREU" 7th February 10th April

"CANTON" 6th March 7th April

Via Southampton, Port Said, Aden, Bombay, Colombo, Penang &amp; Singapore.

Homewards Leaves Hong Kong Due London Arrives Hong Kong

"CARTHAGE" 15th February 12th March

"CHUSAN" 23rd February 22nd March

"COREU" 14th March 14th April

"CANTON" 11th April 12th May

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## FREIGHT SERVICE

Outwards Due Hong Kong London &amp; Continent

"SHILLONG" 10th February 12th February

"SOCOTRA" 12th February 12th February

Homewards Leaves Hong Kong Due London

"SUDAN" 16th February 16th February

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"WARRA" Due 25th Feb. from Japan

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(These vessels have refrigerated cargo space)

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"URLANA" Due 13th Feb. from Karachi, Bombay, Colombo &amp; Singapore

"OKHLA" Sails 14th Feb. for Japan

Due 19th Feb. from Singapore

Sails 20th Feb. from Japan

from Singapore, Colombo, Bombay &amp; Karachi

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"THEOGENITOR"	Apr. 2	Apr. 8	Hainan
			Homeward For
"FELIX ROUSSEL"	Mar. 6	Mar. 7	Marseilles via Manila
"MORTAIN"	Mar. 6	Mar. 7	N. Africa & Europe
"ZELINDA"	Mar. 30	Mar. 31	N. Africa & Europe
• passengers & freight.			
freight for Saigon, Port Said, Tunis, Marseilles, Algiers, Oran, Tangier, Casablanca, Havre, Dunkirk, Antwerp & Rotterdam.			
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NEXT SAILINGS

	In Port
M.S. "OLGA MAERSK"	Feb. 14
M.S. "JEPPESEN MAERSK"	Mar. 2

ARRIVALS FROM U.S.A.

	In Port
M.S. "TREIN MAERSK"	Feb. 16
M.S. "PETER MAERSK"	Feb. 29
M.S. "NICOLINE MAERSK"	Mar. 15

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America Aiming  
At Increase  
In Sugar Prices

Washington, Feb. 6.

The Government has firmly dismissed the protests of industrial users of sugar and again forcefully declared that its main objective is higher raw and refined sugar prices.

The Secretary of Agriculture, Mr. Charles Brannan, condemned present sugar prices as injurious to domestic producers and voiced fear that unless they go up, mainland beet and cane farmers will switch to other crops.

Mr. Brannan set forth his views in a written reply to the complaining representatives of 15 sugar-consuming industries. They wrote him protesting his effort to engineer a recovery of sugar prices.

"We are confronted," Mr. Brannan replied, "with prices which are injuring domestic producers and may bring about further serious cuts in domestic production. Our present problem, therefore, is to obtain sugar prices which will use the language of the Act, fairly and equitably maintain and protect the welfare of the domestic sugar industry."

The Secretary said: "I am sure you recognise that the Sugar Act cannot be administered on a one-sided basis."

He defended his 7,700,000 tons ceiling on 1952 sugar marketing here and the 400,000 ton "negative allowance" he made as a "price stimulus" in determining upon that figure.

Mr. Brannan said: "Apparently your letter was prepared prior to the time you learned that sugar distribution in 1951 fell to 7,652,000 tons. Obviously you did not anticipate at the time you wrote your letter that the price of raw sugar in the domestic market would fall to \$5.70 per 100 pounds or that the price of refined sugar would continue to decline to the present levels ranging from \$8.15 to \$7.85 per 100 pounds."

## DRASTIC SITUATION

In meeting the drastic situation of last year domestic prices were held down to levels which failed to maintain domestic production."

Mr. Brannan blamed that situation for the 400,000 tons decline in the 1951 beet sugar production and indicated that he felt it also caused a small but significant shrinkage in the Louisiana cane sector.

"A year ago the price of refined sugar was \$8.25 per 100 pounds and the price of raw sugar ranged from \$8.00 to \$8.25 per 100 pounds."

## BURMESE IN A DILEMMA

Colombo Plan As  
An Alternative  
To American AidU.S. Gold  
Stocks  
Increase

New York, Feb. 6. United States gold stocks have been increasing at a fast pace in recent months but this may be only a temporary interval in the gradual restoration of the international payment balance, according to the Federal Reserve Bank of New York.

The Reserve Bank, in its monthly review of credit and business conditions, pointed out that the outflow of gold from the United States, which followed the general currency readjustments of September 1949 came to an end in the middle of 1951.

The United States re-acquired in the second half of 1951 a total of \$1,005,000,000, or 36 per cent. of the gold it had sold to foreign countries from October 1949 to June 1951.

During January 1952 this country's gold stock rose by \$236,000,000, thus indicating further acquisitions of foreign gold by the United States.

It said: "The reversal appears from currently available data, to mark a setback primarily in the international financial position of the United Kingdom and the overseas Sterling Area."

Gold and official dollar holdings of the United Kingdom in December 1951 totalled \$2,335,000,000, compared with \$2,209,000,000 in September and \$3,897,000,000 in June 1951—the last during the final quarter of 1951 being the highest ever recorded for one quarter.—United Press.

The Guardian remarks that the reaction of the Burmese Government to the renaming has been sharp and, so far, uncompromising.

The title "mutual security assistance" is taken by the Burmese Government to imply that the future United States help will be part of a mutual military policy in which Burma would be beginning to align herself, in a military sense.

Indications are that, as a consequence, Burma intends to accept Colombo Plan aid in place of E.C.A.'s successor.

## E.C.A. CRITICISED

It recalls criticism in Burma at the slow start made by the E.C.A. organisation, when it was said that for months nothing arrived except some medicines and some raw cotton for the new Insein spinning mill. Only a year after signature of the agreement did machinery and material begin to arrive for the much-needed reconstruction of Rangoon port.

Also criticised was the programme of work of the American engineering firm hired by E.C.A. to do an economic survey of Burma.

This survey will cost \$3 millions and half will be paid by the Burmese Government.

It has been stated that one of the first activities of the survey team in Burma was to send six engineers to supervise the construction of a runway for which 70 Danish experts had already been employed.

One major difficulty with which the E.C.A. team has had to contend has been the unsettled state of the Burmese countryside, which has prevented agricultural experts and engineers from working in the interior.

## STILL NEBULOUS

And where, as in the case of the frontier areas, the country is relatively peaceful and E.C.A. health and sanitation experts might have been expected to have made a satisfactory start, the Burmese Defence Department is suspicious of foreigners and will not readily give them permission to go very close to the Chinese border.

The Guardian concludes: "It is thus in a dilemma that Burma has turned towards the Commonwealth."

"Britain has nothing like the resources that the United States enjoys, but she has had a longer

New York Sugar  
Futures

New York, Feb. 6. World sugar futures closed today 2 to 3 Jower with sales totalling 53 contracts.

Contract No. 8 closed 1 to 4 lower with sales totalling 834 contracts.

CONTRACT NO. 4 (world)

Spot ..... 4.41  
May ..... 4.43 bid  
July ..... 4.45 bid  
September ..... 4.46  
November ..... 4.47 nominal  
Spot ..... 4.49

NEW ORLEANS MARKET

Spot ..... 4.41  
May ..... 4.43  
July ..... 4.42-41.22  
October ..... 4.42-40.45  
December (1951) ..... 47.25 bid  
March (1952) ..... 47.25 bid  
May ..... 47.25 bid  
July ..... 47.25 bid

—United Press.

Rubber Futures  
In S'pore

Singapore, Feb. 6. Prices of rubber futures closed today as follows:

Number 1 rubber, per lb.  
February ..... 129-120/12  
March ..... 129-120/12  
April ..... 129-120/12  
Number 2 rubber, February ..... 124-121/12  
Spot rubber, unbacked ..... 124-121/12  
Black crepe ..... 124-121/12  
No. 1A crepe ..... 124-121/12

—United Press.

Dow Jones averages at the end of the stock market session stand as follows:

30 industrials ..... 225.77  
95 utilities ..... 49.06  
15 bonds ..... 106.94

United Press.

NY Stock Market

New York, Feb. 6.

The dolefulusion of the Indonesian rupiah will help to adjust the existing ill-balanced trade between Japan and Indonesia, according to Government sources here today.

A firm situation continued in the black pepper market. Additional factors offering support included the firmness of the primary markets plus reports of European demand and indications of small January shipments from India to the United States.

Spot material firmly held at 41.42 a pound after fair-sized business in shorts goods was done at \$1.41. Local resellers indicated a February shipment at \$1.35. March \$1.30. April \$1.26. May/June \$1.24. \$1.28 a pound.

"While munuk was quoted at nominality of \$2.15 and Sarawak white at \$2.10 a pound.—United Press.

Effects Of  
Devaluation  
On Trade

Tokyo, Feb. 6. The dolefulusion of the Indonesian rupiah will help to adjust the existing ill-balanced trade between Japan and Indonesia, according to Government sources here today.

Government sources said that the step was taken to boost exports and that this will mean that more goods will be flowing into hard currency nations.

On the other hand, exports to Indonesia will face more difficulties because Japanese products will have to compete with British cloth.

As of Jan. 20, Japan had a favourable trade balance with Indonesia totalling \$14,000,000—the highest Japan has with an open account nation.—United Press.

Trade Pact Signed

DUBLIN, Feb. 6.

Portugal and Eire signed a new trade pact here today

agreement to exchange oil reasonably for the import and export of the comparatively few still restricted commodities.

Reuter.

Copper Quotation

New York, Feb. 6.

Copper was quoted today at \$150, asked per pound. Copper

off, was quoted at \$10.75 cents per pound, asked.

United Press.

## ROYAL INTEROCEAN LINES

## SAILINGS

"TJISALENGKA"	Feb. 8th	Singapore, Mauritius, Dar-es-Salaam, Zanzibar, S. Africa & N. America, Japan, Ports
"TJIBODAN"	Feb. 11th	Djakarta, Samarang, Surabaya & Makassar, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar
"TJILUWAN"	Feb. 13th	Japan, Singapore, Djakarta, Samarang, Surabaya & Macassar, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar
"TJSADANE"	Feb. 16th	Japan, Singapore, Djakarta, Samarang, Surabaya & Macassar, Manila, Singapore, Djakarta, S. Africa, Djakarta, Samarang, Surabaya & Macassar, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar
"TJSADANE"	Feb. 19th	Japan, Singapore, Djakarta, Samarang, Surabaya & Macassar, Manila, Singapore, Djakarta, S. Africa, Djakarta, Samarang, Surabaya & Macassar, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar
"TJSADANE"	Mar. 2nd	Japan, Singapore, Djakarta, Samarang, Surabaya & Macassar, Manila, Singapore, Djakarta, S. Africa, Djakarta, Samarang, Surabaya & Macassar, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar
"TJILUWAN"	Mar. 6th	Japan, Singapore, Djakarta, Samarang, Surabaya & Macassar, Manila, Singapore, Djakarta, S. Africa, Djakarta, Samarang, Surabaya & Macassar, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar
"TJILUWAN"	Mar. 7th	Japan, Singapore, Djakarta, Samarang, Surabaya & Macassar, Manila, Singapore, Djakarta, S. Africa, Djakarta, Samarang, Surabaya & Macassar, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar
"TJISADANE"	Mar. 8th	Japan, Singapore, Djakarta, Samarang, Surabaya & Macassar, Manila, Singapore, Djakarta, S. Africa, Djakarta, Samarang, Surabaya & Macassar, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar
"TJILUWAN"	Mar. 16th	Japan, Singapore, Djakarta, Samarang, Surabaya & Macassar, Manila, Singapore, Djakarta, S. Africa, Djakarta, Samarang, Surabaya & Macassar, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar
"TJSADANE"	Mar. 21st	Japan, Singapore, Djakarta, Samarang, Surabaya & Macassar, Manila, Singapore, Djakarta, S. Africa, Djakarta, Samarang, Surabaya & Macassar, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar
"TJISADANE"	Mar. 23rd	Japan, Singapore, Djakarta, Samarang, Surabaya & Macassar, Manila, Singapore, Djakarta, S. Africa, Djakarta, Samarang, Surabaya & Macassar, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar
"TJILUWAN"	Apr. 2nd	Japan, Singapore, Djakarta, Samarang, Surabaya & Macassar, Manila, Singapore, Djakarta, S. Africa, Djakarta, Samarang, Surabaya & Macassar, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar
"TJSADANE"	Apr. 16th	Japan, Singapore, Djakarta, Samarang, Surabaya & Macassar, Manila, Singapore, Djakarta, S. Africa, Djakarta, Samarang, Surabaya & Macassar, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar
"TJSADANE"	Apr. 19th	Japan, Singapore, Djakarta, Samarang, Surabaya & Macassar, Manila, Singapore, Djakarta, S. Africa, Djakarta, Samarang, Surabaya & Macassar, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar
"TJSADANE"	Apr. 22nd	Japan, Singapore, Djakarta, Samarang, Surabaya & Macassar, Manila, Singapore



# FOREIGN POLICY DEBATE SUSPENDED

## Commons Likely To Adjourn



Inhabitants of the village of Tazerka in the Cap Bon area of Tunisia are shown being guarded outside their homes as French troops comb residences for hidden arms and ammunition. Some of the booty is seen in the foreground as the sullen residents squat under the rifles of the Legionnaires.—France-Presse Picture.

# King's Death Shocks The World

(Continued from page 1)

death, then began playing solemn music.

In the Indian capital of New Delhi, officials said tomorrow probably would be declared a day of mourning. Prime Minister Pandit Nehru told the Indian Parliament the news was "a surprise and a shock. I am sure the House will deeply sympathise with Her Majesty the Queen, Princess Elizabeth, and the people of England with whom the King was so popular."

"It is significant in this world of republics how the British Royal House stood firm, not merely in law, but in the affection of the people," Mr Nehru said.

Parliament suspended to-morrow's session.

Italy, visited only last summer by Princess Elizabeth, was saddened at the unexpected news.

The secretary to President Luigi Einaudi, informed of the King's death by the Associated Press, hurried to the private rooms of the President.

Popo Plus was informed by Walter St. C. H. Roberts, British Ambassador to the Holy See. The Pontiff instructed that a telegram of condolence be sent at once to the King's family.

In Ottawa, flags on the Canadian Parliament and other buildings throughout the city were lowered. Aides said Prime Minister Louis St. Laurent was deeply shocked by the news.

In Cairo, flags were lowered over the British Embassy.

In Stockholm, King Gustav VI of Sweden was closeted for more than an hour with his Earl Marshal preparing formal messages of condolence. It was expected that 21 days of mourning would be proclaimed.

King Haakon of Norway sent a message to Queen Elizabeth and Queen Mother Mary. The Norwegian Storting (Parliament) held a memorial meeting. Associated Press.

### Truman's Tribute

Washington, Feb. 6. President Truman today expressed his deepest sympathy to the British Royal Family and the British people on the death of King George.

The President sent three separate messages of condolence to the Royal Family— to Queen Mary, Queen Elizabeth and to the new Queen.

The text of the three personal messages was not made public.

In an official statement issued at the White House, the President said: "A world personage, who maintained the highest tradition of the British constitutional monarchy passed in the death of His Majesty King George VI. From his accession to the throne, through all the ill which beset the world throughout the years of his reign—including the most disastrous war in history—he played his part, notably and with full understanding of the responsibility which was his. His

London, Feb. 6. The death of the King has suspended Parliament's foreign affairs debate, which was to reach a climax tonight in a Labour motion censuring Mr Winston Churchill for "failing to give adequate expression" to British foreign policy while in Washington.

Official sources here are so far unable to indicate what will now happen to this debate.

These sources said that business in Parliament was likely to be suspended until the King's funeral.

### The Saar Question

### NEXT MOVE UP TO BONN GOVT

Paris, Feb. 6. A French Foreign Office spokesman said today that it was up to the West German Government to make the next move on the Saar.

He denied Washington reports that France was about to issue a statement.

"France has no intention of making a statement about the Saar situation as there is nothing to add to our previous declarations," he said.

The Foreign Minister, M. Robert Schuman, told Dr Walter Hallstein, German Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, at the end of January that since his Government wanted a revision of the Saar Statute it was up to Western Germany to put forward workable proposals," the spokesman said.

He added that so far no suggestions had been received from Bonn.

Questioned about the possibility of the Saar being declared "European territory," he replied that such proposals were still at a very tentative stage.—Reuter.

### Rubber Mission A Possibility

Washington, Feb. 6. Mr Warren Lockwood, director of the Natural Rubber Bureau, said today there was a possibility a United States government mission would visit Malaya later this year for a first-hand study of rubber production problems.

Mr Lockwood, whose Bureau represents natural-rubber producers' interests here, said earlier that tentative plans to send such a mission immediately were abandoned because of the meeting of the International Rubber Study group scheduled for May in Ottawa.

State Department officials confirmed that no invitation to visit Malaya had been received.

They said they believed the Ottawa meeting would provide adequate opportunity for Malayan producers to talk over problems with U.S. officials.

Mr Lockwood said the possibility of such a mission later in the year would be sounded out at the Ottawa meeting.—United Press.

### FISHING JUNK MASTER FINED

A fine of \$100 was imposed on Kwai Hop-hing, licensee of fishing junk 1014HA, by Mr W. Sprague, at the Marine Court this morning for illegally installing two petrol engines to his vessel. Defendant's junk was boarded by the Police in Stanley Bay on Tuesday when they found the engines.

to all-freedom-loving nations of the world."

Marshall Tito tonight sent a message of sympathy to London on the death of King George VI. Similar messages were sent by Yvan Ribar, President of the Presidium of the Yugoslav Assembly, and by Edward Kandil, Foreign Minister.—France-Presse.

The question asked in political quarters was whether, in view of the national mourning, the highly controversial foreign affairs debate might, by mutual consent of the parties, be left over for a time.

Because of the King's death, Parliamentary business this week will be confined largely to re-swearing in the 625 Members of the House of Commons in allegiance to the new Sovereign.

Following tributes to the dead Sovereign—possibly early next week—an adjournment of the House until Tuesday, February 10, is considered likely.

It may, therefore, be some weeks before the legislature gets to the cut and thrust of ordinary politics.

The Speaker of the House of Commons, Mr William Morrison, tonight swore allegiance to Queen Elizabeth.

Opening a meeting of Parliament specially summoned so that Members could take the Oath individually one after the other, the Speaker spoke the Oath: "I swear by Almighty God that I will be faithful and bear true allegiance to Her Majesty Queen Elizabeth, her heirs and successors, according to law, so help me God."

Mr Churchill followed. He took the Oath at the table and afterwards signed the Roll. Mr Anthony Eden, the Foreign Secretary and other Members of Parliament followed.—Reuter.

### Plot To Kidnap Eva Peron

Buenos Aires, Feb. 6. Argentine police have arrested more than 100 people in moves which have foiled a plot to kidnap Eva Peron, 23-year-old wife and political right hand of President Juan Peron, and to occupy Government offices in Buenos Aires, usually reliable sources said here today.

The arrests were said to have been made in the last three days. No official information was available, but the Federal Judge in charge of the case, Miguel Rivas Arguello, is expected to state his findings within the next 24 hours.

Usually reliable sources named up to a score of Army and Navy officers said to be involved in the plot, including former Chief of the General Staff, Lieut.-Colonel Francisco Suarez.—Reuter.

### INTELLIGENCE TEST SOLUTION

mine (1) is true, either (3) or (4) must be true also.  
If (2) is true, both (1) and (3) must be true.  
If (3) is true, either (1) or (4) must be true also.  
If (4) is the true statement, the others are false.

Hence one pink is a pastel the other is a novel.

London Express Service.

### CHECK YOUR KNOWLEDGE

Answers  
1. Animal. 2. It rises in Arkansas and flows through that State and Missouri to the Mississippi. 3. In the northern tip of Ireland. It consists of numerous columns of basalt rising from a bay. 4. Ammunition belt. 5. Belgium. 6. The science of the study of fossilised substances.

### BBC Changes Programmes

London, Feb. 6. Owing to the death of the King, the overseas service of the British Broadcasting Corporation is devoting 24 hours to solemn music with special announcements at regular intervals not exceeding 60 minutes.

News bulletins and special announcements will be broadcast as usual. Programmes will not revert to normal until after the funeral.

The European service will broadcast announcements on the King's death, obituary and short news summaries only for the rest of the day.—Reuter.

### Commons Query On Hongkong Allowance

London, Feb. 6. Mr Norman Dodds, Labour member for Dartford, asked in the House of Commons today why servicemen posted to Korea from Hongkong who had left families behind in Hongkong had been deprived of the special Hongkong allowance.

The War Secretary, Mr Anthony Head, in a written reply, said:

Unless there is prospect of officers and other ranks who had been posted from Hongkong to Korea being reunited with their families either at Hongkong or another station abroad within six months, families are conveyed home to the United Kingdom at public expense in order that accommodation may be freed to enable other families to rejoin husbands at present serving in Hongkong.

As the tour of duty in Korea is more than six months, this rule has been applied and families who remain in Hongkong after the offer of a passage home do so of their own choice and cease to draw local overseas allowance.

Families are made fully aware of conditions regarding passage and allowances if they should elect to stay in Hongkong.

"I am not prepared to modify this rule," he added.

ENTERTAINMENT  
Questioned by Mr Ian Harvey, Conservative member for Harrow East, about entertainment of troops in Korea, the War Secretary said in the months July to October last year three concert parties from the United Kingdom and one from Australia visited this theatre.

Because of the climate, the Command asked that no parties be sent out between November and February, but exceptionally individual artists gave performances during the last two months of 1951.

During this period a Divisional concert party was also formed and toured the theatre. A specialist was sent out to help this party and to make arrangements for professional parties.

Two 16-millimetre projectors had been provided for each unit of a Lieutenant-Colonel's Command, and an Army Kinema detachment had been formed to help in arrangements for this type of entertainment.

Films were supplied from the United Kingdom by the Army Kinema Corporation and were also obtained from the United States Army.

The Command reported that cinema facilities were satisfactory but that the climate on occasion prevented their full use.—Reuter.

### Cable Thieves Active

Cable thieves in the New Territories have been active again. Twice within the last 48 hours they have stolen sections of toll cable belonging to the Hongkong Telephone Company in the neighbourhood of Beacon Hill.

The telephone service in the area has been interrupted and will take at least a day to fix.

According to an official of the Telephone Company the cable is an important one and very costly. The Police are making enquiries.

# HONGKONG MOURNS THE LATE KING

Hongkong today went into mourning for the late King George VI. Flags everywhere were flown at half-mast, the courts closed and many functions cancelled.

The Chief Justice called the Full Court together this morning and announced that as a mark of respect all courts and magistracies would be closed today.

Sitting with Sir Gerard were the Senior Puisne Judge, Mr Justice Gould, and the Puisne Judge, Mr Justice Scholes.

Sir Gerard said: Mr Attorney, in sorrow we have learned the death of our Sovereign Lord the King, His Majesty King George VI. I respect all His courts in the Colony do now stand adjourned until tomorrow morning.

Those present were Mr C. d'Almada, Registrar of the Supreme Court; Mr Wm. C. Low and Mr G. S. Edwards, Clerks of the Court.

The Acting Attorney General (the Hon. George Strickland, KC), Mr J. Reynolds (Acting Solicitor-General), the Hon. Leo d'Almada, KC, Mr John McNeill, KC, and Messrs A. Hooton, W. A. Blair-Kerr, M. Morley-John, D.A.L. Wright, S.V.

### Governor Cancels Engagement

The following statement was issued by the Hongkong Government Public Relations Department this morning:

HE the Governor, Sir Alexander Grantham, GCMG, has cancelled his engagement to attend the Governor's Cup football match at Happy Valley on Sunday. Lady Grantham has likewise cancelled her engagement to present prizes at the Dog Show on the same day.

Unless the date of His late Majesty's funeral should be arranged for either February 14 or 15, His Excellency will pay his official visit to Macao on these days as already arranged.

So far as the holding of functions generally during the next few days is concerned, Government announces for guidance that it is left to the discretion of the organisers whether to proceed with the functions arranged before the date of His Majesty's death.

Similar discretion is given to the public as to attendance at such functions. Members of Councils, the Judiciary and senior Government officers are likely to cancel engagements other than those for charitable or welfare purposes.

No official functions will be held on the day of the funeral. The University and all Government schools will be closed on that day.

DURING REQUEST

Except on the day of the Proclamation of the Accession of Her Majesty Queen Elizabeth (that is, tomorrow, February 8 in Hongkong) flags will be flown at half-mast on Government House and on all public buildings until after the funeral. On Proclamation Day flags will be flown at masthead as usual.

It will be appreciated if members of the public will wear suitable mourning until after the day of the funeral.

After the funeral, arrangements will revert to normal but His Excellency the Governor and members of his personal staff will not attend purely social public functions during the period of mourning.

An announcement will be made as soon as possible about the holding of Memorial Services.

A salute of 56 guns was fired by ships of the Royal Navy at noon today (Thursday).

HE the Governor has received a telegram from Mr F.E. Gellion, on behalf of British residents in Macao, which reads: "British residents in Macao express profound shock and deepest sympathy for Her Majesty Queen Elizabeth and Royal Family."

Members of the Consular Corps, Foreign Trade Commissioners and leading Chinese and foreign residents in the Colony called throughout the day at Government House to express their sympathy on the death of His Majesty.

An announcement will be made as soon as possible about the holding of Memorial Services.

A salute of 56 guns was fired by ships of the Royal Navy at noon today (Thursday).

"Paying a neighbour's kid that much for baby-sitting! And I'll bet his father lists him as a dependent!"

### Living Language

Why we say Fag-end.

The slang term for the stub of a cigarette takes its name from the cloth mills in which the "fag" has for centuries meant the edge of a roll of cloth, which could not be used. "Chuck us a fag" originated with the workers begging what was left of a cigarette from passers-by.

### Mail Notices

Latest times of posting Post Office and at Kowloon Post Office and arrival of airmail parcels class one hour earlier than the ordinary mail times shown below:

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 7  
By Air  
Indo-China 5 p.m. Air Vietnam.  
Philippines, 5 p.m. Air C.P.A.

Surface  
Macao, 12.30 p.m. 6 p.m. via Tak Shing/Fatshan.

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 8  
By Air  
Japan, Canada, U.S.A. 8 a.m.  
via C.P.A.  
Iran, India, Pakistan, Middle East, Africa, Great Britain, Europe, S.A.M., B.O.A.C.

Fernando, Japan, 1 p.m. C.A.T.  
H.K.A./N.W.A.C.  
N. Borneo, Australia, New Zealand, 8 p.m. Q.E.A.  
India, Pakistan, Ceylon, India, Philippines, Guam, Hawaii, U.S.A., Canada, 8 p.m. P.A.C.  
Siam, 8 p.m. B.O.A.C.

Surface  
Macao, 12.30 p.m. 6 p.m. via Tak Shing/Fatshan.

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY